

臺中市立臺中第一高級中等學校 109 學年度
學術性向資賦優異【語文類】學生入班鑑定安置計畫
英文學科能力評量 試題卷

第壹部分：單選題(86 分)

一、詞彙(15 分)

說明：第 1 題至第 15 題，每題有 4 個選項，其中只有一是正確或最適當的選項，請畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。
各題答對者，得 1 分；答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

1. A reader doesn't need to define every word in order to understand and _____ a fine poem.
(A) postpone (B) consider (C) appreciate (D) repair
2. Every year millions of people fall _____ to the credit card scam that does harm to their personal finances.
(A) victim (B) representative (C) separation (D) ignorance
3. If there were a dress for all _____, it would be much easier to decide what to put on every morning.
(A) necessities (B) portions (C) approaches (D) occasions
4. If you want to _____ the perfect photograph, ensure that you work with the best possible light.
(A) vanish (B) capture (C) suppose (D) deposit
5. It is impossible for a visitor to stay in New York on a _____ of NT\$50 per day.
(A) budget (B) variety (C) mystery (D) survival
6. My grandmother asked me to _____ her to her hometown to visit long-lost relatives and friends.
(A) contract (B) concern (C) accompany (D) acquaint
7. People wonder if it is necessary to visit the doctor's office for non-emergency or _____ care during COVID-19 pandemic.
(A) routine (B) efficient (C) apparent (D) sensitive
8. Teachers and students together made every effort to _____ the principal to stop building an underground parking lot.
(A) interrupt (B) persuade (C) tumble (D) perform
9. In a country without freedom of speech, an outspoken _____ would be arrested for severely lashing out at the government policy.
(A) benefit (B) strategy (C) suspicion (D) critic
10. The politician was _____, driven by the strong desire for power.
(A) domestic (B) reliable (C) ambitious (D) lively
11. The suspect would be put in jail unless the attorney provided _____ evidence to prove him innocent.
(A) panic (B) sufficient (C) vacant (D) conscious
12. There are cases in which online tests are not _____ possible, such as speaking tests, which are scored by human raters.
(A) individually (B) gradually (C) barely (D) currently
13. There has been a heated debate whether an Internet user should _____ his/her real identity or protect his/her privacy.
(A) manage (B) frustrate (C) reveal (D) circulate
14. There was a moment of _____ before the speaker responded to a difficult question from an audience member.
(A) hesitation (B) minority (C) contribution (D) significance
15. The boy was severely punished and then grounded for weeks because he had _____ lied to his parents.
(A) instantly (B) graphically (C) reluctantly (D) purposefully

二、綜合測驗(25 分)

說明：第 16 題至第 40 題，每題有 4 個選項，其中只有一是正確或最適當的選項，請畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 1 分；答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

第 16 至 20 題為題組

The garbage truck collection system is part of Taiwan people's daily lives. While waiting for the garbage trucks, most people would use their phones __ (16) __ talking to their neighbors. __ (17) __ this observation in mind, a team consisting of four students from the National Taiwan University of Arts created a series of reusable bin bags, __ (18) __ "Trashed Talk," in a joint collaboration with the Environmental Protection Bureau of New Taipei. The team has launched three series "Trashed Talk," "Charity" and "Flirting," with 15 different designs in total. Different from the traditional red bin bags, each series has distinctive patterns and funny lines __ (19) __ "You guys are trash! The garbage truck is coming!" The funny lines __ (20) __ waiting fun.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 16. (A) in case of | (B) instead of | (C) by means of | (D) due to |
| 17. (A) Of | (B) By | (C) For | (D) With |
| 18. (A) to nickname | (B) nicknaming | (C) nicknamed | (D) by nicknaming |
| 19. (A) as | (B) such as | (C) for example | (D) that are like |
| 20. (A) make | (B) let | (C) have | (D) get |

第 21 至 25 題為題組

The sun and moon converged in a dazzling "ring of fire" solar eclipse Sunday (June 21), stunning sky-watchers across parts of Africa, Asia and more. During the solar spectacle, known __ (21) __ an annular solar eclipse, the moon covered most — but not all — of the sun. During this type of eclipse, a bright "ring of fire" of the sun remains __ (22) __ around the edge of the moon. In Taiwan, the eclipse began at 2:44 p.m. and went until 5:26 p.m., starting in Kinmen County and was last seen from Taitung County, the last of Taiwan's counties and cities __ (23) __ people would be able to witness the event. The crown jewel of the event, the "ring of fire" section of the eclipse when the moon, sun and Earth __ (24) __ just so to create the brilliant effect (also called maximum eclipse), __ (25) __ at around 4:10 p.m. to 4:15 p.m.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 21. (A) as | (B) to | (C) for | (D) to be |
| 22. (A) visible | (B) visibility | (C) invisible | (D) invisibility |
| 23. (A) which | (B) what | (C) where | (D) , that |
| 24. (A) kept up | (B) lined up | (C) made up | (D) stayed up |
| 25. (A) and occurred | (B) occurring | (C) to occur | (D) occurred |

第 26 至 30 題為題組

In times of crisis, humans and other animals can have an increased drive toward hoarding behaviors. __ (26) __, these efforts to secure material resources can be problematic to the individual and our community. Covid-19 certainly brings about stress for many people. __ (27) __ health issues, people are stressed about losing employment. They are also concerned about having basic supplies to meet their needs. __ (28) __ about finances and resource availability can lead to hoarding behaviors. The impact of over-acquiring __ (29) __ the community is clear. Stores have been overwhelmed even when products are not in short supply. It __ (30) __ people who truly need this product or medicine inconvenience or even risk.

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|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 26. (A) First of all | (B) Likewise | (C) In other words | (D) However |
| 27. (A) Rather than | (B) Owing to | (C) In addition to | (D) In spite of |
| 28. (A) Delight | (B) Anxiety | (C) Amazement | (D) Relaxation |
| 29. (A) in | (B) on | (C) about | (D) for |
| 30. (A) creates | (B) produces | (C) causes | (D) results |

第 31 至 35 題為題組

The water around Taiwan's Matsu Islands is now glowing in a glorious shade of blue. Yes, that's right—glowing. __ (31) __ the phenomenon may look like the result of some kind of radioactive material spilling into the ocean, the illumination is, __ (32) __, caused by something much more harmless: algae. When the algae are __ (33) __ by motion in the water, they create a glowing blue light. The glowing algae are actually known to be quite aggressive, __ (34) __ they eat other bacteria and plankton. But their presence is perfectly normal, posing no threat to the surrounding environment, and this phenomenon can definitely be __ (35) __ as a wonder of nature.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 31. (A) While | (B) Even | (C) Despite | (D) If |
| 32. (A) at last | (B) so far | (C) in fact | (D) on earth |
| 33. (A) disguised | (B) disturbed | (C) disappeared | (D) disagreed |
| 34. (A) while | (B) unless | (C) so | (D) as |
| 35. (A) referred | (B) thought | (C) looked | (D) regarded |

第 36 至 40 題為題組

This month, Taiwan is launching its “Triple Stimulus Voucher” program to help stimulate Taiwan’s declining economy amid COVID-19 pandemic. This program __ (36) __ Taiwanese citizens as well as foreign spouses to purchase vouchers worth NT\$3,000 for the price of NT\$1,000, with the government __ (37) __ the NT\$2,000 difference. The program will __ (38) __ provide triple the stimulus effect of consumer spending alone. As to around 1.2 million residents from __ (39) __ household, they will have NT\$1,000 transferred to their bank accounts, __ (40) __ can be put towards a stimulus voucher.

36. (A) lets (B) allows (C) leaves (D) makes
37. (A) showing off (B) carrying out (C) making up (D) counting on
38. (A) furthermore (B) nevertheless (C) instead (D) therefore
39. (A) low-income (B) upper-middle (C) underdeveloped (D) privileged
40. (A) which (B) it (C) and (D) that

三、文意選填(10 分)

說明：第 41 題至第 50 題，每題一個空格，請依文意在文章後所提供的選項中分別選出最適當者，並將其英文字母代號畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 1 分；答錯、未作答或畫記的選項未全對者，該題以零分計算。

Taylor Swift is one of the greatest musicians today. For Taylor Swift, the road __ (41) __ being successful is not easy, especially because she is only 29 years old. Her strong interest __ (42) __ singing began at a young age. Child though she was, she wrote songs __ (43) __ her own, going door-to-door to record labels __ (44) __ her karaoke demo. Although faced with __ (45) __, she never quit. The start of her career was __ (46) __ harder than she had anticipated, but she still held on to her __ (47) __ and never gave in to the obstacles ahead. Swift chose to dance to her own tune, __ (48) __ narrative lyrics about her experiences __ (49) __ teenager and young adult. So far, Swift has been earning shiny achievements, __ (50) __ seven Grammy Awards.

- (A) including (B) on (C) even (D) in (E) goal
(AB) to (AC) as (AD) rejection (AE) composing (BC) with

四、篇章結構(10 分)

說明：第 51 題至第 55 題，每題一個空格。請依文意在文章後所提供的(A)到(E)選項中分別選出最適當者，填入空格中，使篇章結構清晰有條理，並將其英文字母代號畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 2 分；答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

Dear Teacher Emily,

I am the mother of Mary, who is in your seventh grade class. Unfortunately, I need to report to you that she has been experiencing bullying this year.

__ (51) __ She said two students in her class, Judy and Eliza, tore her blouse during games.

At that time I took a photograph of the damage and hoped that would be the end of it. __ (52) __ They even called her a whore.

Yesterday, she came home with a large bruise on her forehead. __ (53) __ This happened in the corridor of the school. I took a photo of the bruise.

__ (54) __ These incidents are far beyond normal childish behavior, and I am very worried. I hope the school will take action, so my daughter can enjoy and benefit from school.

__ (55) __ I can be reached at 0912-345678 or at Marymom@email.com.

Sincerely,

Mary’s Mom

- (A) However, five days later, the same girls and a few others cornered my daughter and called her ugly names.
(B) I would like to arrange a meeting to discuss the situation with you.
(C) She first mentioned the incidents to me four weeks ago.
(D) She refused to go to school today, and I didn’t force her.
(E) She was pushed from behind and fell, bumping her head on the floor.

五、閱讀測驗(26分)

說明：第 56 題至第 68 題，每題請分別根據各篇文章之文意選出最適當的一個選項，請畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 2 分；答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

第 56 至 59 題為題組

Medicine comes in three types. One is called “doctor medicine,” or “scientific medicine.” Doctors who are academically trained study anatomy to understand how the human body is composed and how each organ works. They observe sicknesses, look for logical patterns, and then decide on the treatment that should be given. This kind of medicine is believed to date from the 4th century BC. Although nowadays it is successful, in the ancient world this approach probably cured only a small number of patients.

The second kind of medicine is called “natural cures,” or “folk medicine,” in which practitioners cure sicknesses with herbs. They try various herbs on each patient until they find something that seems to work. Such knowledge is passed down to later practitioners for them to apply the same remedy when they observe similar symptoms on a patient. Therefore, this type of medicine also involves observation and logic to make a wise judgment. Folk medicine was widely practiced long before the development of scientific medicine and was more successful in ancient times than doctor medicine.

The third kind is called “faith healing,” or “health spas.” This type of medicine involves how strongly a patient believes in a religious figure or a holy object considered to have a healing power. Sometimes this may be as simple as touching the healer or the object and being miraculously healed. Other times a charm or a spell prepared by a magician is given to a patient to drive the sickness away. Some religious groups organize special healing shelters for the sick. In these places people get plenty of rest, eat healthy food, avoid alcohol, and exercise regularly. They also talk to spiritual mentors and pray. If you are feeling depressed or suffering from too much stress, going to these places may help you feel better.

56. Doctor medicine _____.

- (A) has a longer history than folk medicine
- (B) has been practiced for around 1,600 years up to now
- (C) bases its treatments on observation and logic
- (D) was very successful in curing sicknesses in ancient times

57. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** used in health spas?

- (A) Various herbs.
- (B) Magical power.
- (C) Religious faith.
- (D) A healthy life style.

58. According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?

- (A) Folk healers choose different herbs to cure diseases without any reasonable basis.
- (B) People practicing nature cures are advised to study human anatomy.
- (C) The success of folk medicine led to the development of doctor medicine.
- (D) Natural cures worked better than scientific medicine in ancient times.

59. The author’s primary purpose in this passage is to _____.

- (A) argue for the importance of medicine in health care
- (B) show the vital role religion plays in medical treatments
- (C) describe different types of medicine
- (D) compare the recovery rates of three types of patients

第 60 至 62 題為題組

In 1993, demanded by a court ruling, New York City’s Metropolitan Museum of Art handed over 363 pieces of gold, silver, precious stones, paintings, and sculptures back to Turkey. Following increasing calls for the return of artistic objects that were removed centuries ago, some of the world’s leading museums have signed a declaration that they will not hand back the ancient artifacts to their countries of origin. According to them, it is by virtue of these leading museums that the international public are able to fully appreciate and admire ancient civilizations. For example, Egyptian culture would remain little known if the museums did not put effort into preserving Egyptian mummies and having them on display safely.

The British Museum has not signed the declaration, but says it fully supports **this decision**. Over the recent years, it has faced growing pressure to hand back the Elgin Marbles, sculptures taken from the Parthenon in Athens, Greece, in the 19th century. But the British Museum has said that the Museum is the best possible place for them. “They must remain here if the museum is to continue to achieve its aim, which is to **show the world to the world**,” said the director of the museum.

60. What reason do the major museums provide for not handing back the ancient objects?

- (A) It is unfair to return those ancient objects after museums have put so much effort into preserving them.
- (B) Ancient objects will risk being damaged or stolen if they are removed from where they are safely displayed.
- (C) Only in the leading museums can the objects be fully appreciated by the world.
- (D) The ruling made in a US court doesn’t apply to other countries.

61. What does **this decision** refer to?
- (A) Following the court ruling regarding the Metropolitan Museum of Art.
 - (B) Keeping the artifacts the museums have previously acquired.
 - (C) Deciding what countries are those artifacts' true origins.
 - (D) Helping those countries of origin restore their ancient civilizations.
62. What does "**the world**" mean in "**show the world to the world**"?
- (A) The ancient civilizations.
 - (B) The leading museums.
 - (C) The global declaration.
 - (D) The international public.

第 63 至 65 題為題組

Have you ever seen a *cosplay* or even joined one? Cosplay is an activity or event that combines the elements of dressing up and live performance. Although this word was created in Japan as recently as in 1984, cosplay can be traced back to masquerade parties that first appeared in the 16th century, where people dressed up and pretended to be someone else while they danced the evening away.

Many people consider cosplay nothing more than putting on fancy costumes, but it is actually more than that. Some people have basic costumes while others have very expensively made ones, and it is true that making costumes by yourself has become very popular in the cosplaying community. Although creating a unique costume surely brings lots of praise, being unable to do so does not necessarily stop someone from becoming a true cosplayer. Instead, what is expected of true cosplayers is that they live in the roles they are dressed as, almost becoming those roles. In a sense, what really matters is to act out the character. There is also a focus on presentation and performance, where a cosplayer might present a particular talent or skill related to the character to other cosplayers when they meet up.

You will no doubt run into other cosplayers if you are one, as people **from all walks of life** enjoy cosplay. That means, cosplayers are not only teenage students like you, but also adults who are from all kinds of jobs. On weekdays they might be office workers, mechanics, teachers, or other professionals. On the weekends, they put on costumes, join other cosplayers from every age group, and enjoy the fun of acting out a movie or comic book character.

So popular has cosplay become that now at the time when a movie or a computer game is released, one can expect to see cosplayers showing up at the movie theaters or game stores. There are even international contests, in which players can be judged and win medals and money prizes. The most famous one must be the World Cosplay Summit in Japan, where players from dozens of countries compete.

63. The expression **from all walks of life** refers to _____.
- (A) creatures in various life forms
 - (B) movie and comic book characters
 - (C) different age groups
 - (D) all kinds of jobs
64. According to the passage, what makes people become true cosplayers?
- (A) That they can make their own costumes.
 - (B) That they go to compete in the World Cosplay Summit.
 - (C) That they have at least one talent or skill.
 - (D) That they can act out a character and almost become it.
65. Which is **NOT** mentioned in this passage?
- (A) The country where the word *cosplay* was created.
 - (B) Winners of a recent cosplay competition.
 - (C) What activity cosplayers do besides wearing the costumes.
 - (D) From what place and time cosplay originated.

第 66 至 68 題為題組

It is common knowledge that the same half of the moon, the "near side," is always facing the earth. This in turn means that there exists the far side or the so-called *dark side*, which never faces the earth and can only be seen from space. This "dark side" has nothing to do with the periodic light and dark we see in different phases of the moon. Sometimes people refer to a new moon as a "dark moon" because the moon is fully in shadow as viewed from the earth, but in fact what we see is still the same side that appears in a full moon.

So here comes the question: Why can we only see one side of the moon from the earth? We know that the earth rotates on its own axis. The moon is supposed to do the same, allowing us to see the full picture of it. However, the speed at which the moon rotates has kept us from seeing its back. Millions of years ago, the moon rotated at a much faster speed than it does now. Later on, the gravity of the earth has gradually slowed down the moon's rotation, while the same (though much smaller) force of the moon acts upon the earth and creates tidal movements. The moon's rotation period has eventually slowed to match its orbital period – about 27.3 days – and the moon is now "locked in" to this period, resulting in the moon always facing the earth with the same side.

An interesting fact is that, actually, a little bit more than half of the moon's surface is observable from the earth. Since the moon's orbit is elliptical, not circular, the speed of its orbital travel increases or decreases depending on how close it is to our planet. For example, when the moon is farthest from the earth, its orbital speed is the slowest. Meanwhile, the rotation speed of the moon stays constant. Such a speed difference means that there are occasions when the moon's orbital movement slightly lags behind its rotation movement, which results in observers catching a small glimpse of the usually hidden area. The astronomical term for this "**rocking motion**" of the moon is *libration*, and it allows for in total 59 percent of the moon to be seen by observers on the earth.

66. What is mentioned in this passage?

- (A) A space mission that explored the hidden side of the moon.
- (B) A reason why the moon appears in different phases.
- (C) A force with which the earth and the moon affect each other.
- (D) A phenomenon that the moon's orbital travel is becoming unpredictable.

67. What can we infer from this passage?

- (A) People on the earth can only see precisely half of the moon at any given time.
- (B) The moon orbits the earth at a higher speed as it gets closer to the earth.
- (C) The dark side of the moon is also called the "dark moon".
- (D) Tidal movements have slowed down the earth's rotation.

68. What is the **rocking motion** related to?

- (A) Inconstant speeds regarding the moon's orbital travel.
- (B) Tidal movements that cause a rocking effect.
- (C) Meteor rocks that roll on the moon.
- (D) Rock formations on the surface of the moon.

第貳部份：非選擇題(14分)

說明：1. 請依照指示將以下翻譯題答案寫在「答案卷」上。

2. 作答時請依答案卷上之題號填答。

六、填空式翻譯(14分) (每格限填一字)

我們的學校佔地大至六公頃。事實上，很少公立高中有比我們大的校地面積。一進入到校園，學生們就能看到「入德之門」，此門有張如此平滑的金屬表面，能夠像鏡子一樣反射亮光。當朝著此門走去時，學生們可以看到他們自己的影像被反映出來，彷彿他們受到提醒應該要檢驗每天所作所為，並且反省他們的行為是否符合他們為自己所設立的標準。Our school covers a land area as large (69) six acres. In fact, (70) public high schools have a bigger land area than ours. On (71) the school campus, students can see the Gate to Virtue, which has (72) a smooth metal surface that this gate reflects light as mirrors (73) . When (74) toward the gate, students can see their own images reflected, as if they were reminded to examine what they do each day and reflect on (75) their deeds have met the standards they set for (76) .

入德之門後方是莊敬樓，作為學校行政的中心。這裡可以找到幾處辦公室。本大樓的最左端有一條通道連往敬業樓，此棟大樓容納了許多屬於學生社團和組織的辦公室。因為這個原因，我們可以看到很多學生放學後逗留於此棟建築物中，這並不令人驚訝。一旦你開始了高中生活，你可以選擇一個社團來加入，並且培養一個你想要探索的嗜好。Behind the Gate to Virtue is the Zhuang Jing Building, which serves as the center of school administration. There are a number of offices to be (77) here. At the very left end of this building is a pathway that leads to the Jing Ye Building, which accommodates offices that (78) to student clubs and organizations. Because (79) this reason, (80) is not surprising (81) us to see many students linger in this building after school. Once you start your high school life, you can choose a club to join and cultivate a hobby you feel like (82) .

試題結束